

Table of Contents

FINANCIAL SECTION	AGE (S)
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position.	4
Statement of Activities	. 5
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	6-8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	12
Notes to Financial Statements	. 13-28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds.	
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	31
Schedule of Employer Contributions	32
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	33-36
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
OTHER REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	l



Quest CPAs PLLC

Quality Expertise Service Timeliness

Audits Taxes Special Services 11501 Highway 95 Payette, Idaho 83661 www.qcpas.com info@qcpas.com P: 208-642-1417 F: 208-642-1582

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Notus School District No. 135

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Notus School District No. 135 (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 (having actuarial calculations performed for other post-employment benefits) cannot be justified at this time. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a liability and related expense be recorded for other post-employment benefits, which would decrease net position, increase liabilities, and increase expenses in the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect net position, liabilities, and expenses in the governmental activities has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express

an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 18, 2018, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho September 18, 2018



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$1,304,965
Receivables:	
Local Sources	194,330
State Sources	89,675
Federal Sources	98,112
Total Current Assets	1,687,082
Noncurrent Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	10,000
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	5,859,278
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,869,278
Total Assets	7,556,360
Deferred Outflows of Resources	270 141
Pension Sources	378,141
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	378,141
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$7,934,501
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$0
Salaries & Benefits Payable	297,204
Unspent Grant Allocation	67,034
Accrued Interest	40,971
Long-Term Debt, Current	223,125
Total Current Liabilities	
Noncurrent Liabilities	628,334
	4 577 042
Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent	4,577,042
Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	993,293
	5,570,335
Total Liabilities	6,198,669
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Sources	148,999
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	148,999
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,347,668
Not Desition	
Net Position	1 020 140
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,028,140
Restricted:	150 700
Special Programs	158,782
Debt Service	414,555
Capital Projects	87,747
Unrestricted	(102,391)
Total Net Position	1,586,833
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$7,934,501

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenue	s	Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	\$891,419		\$320,867		(\$570,552)
Secondary School	936,596	\$2,850	64,062		(869,684)
Special Education	222,899				(222,899)
Interscholastic	3,971		7,144		3,173
School Activity	62,561				(62,561)
Summer School	0				0
Support Service Programs					
Attendance - Guidance - Health	113,483				(113,483)
Instruction Improvement	112,505		120,695		8,190
Board of Education	9,526				(9,526)
District Administration	246,239				(246,239)
School Administration	138,398				(138,398)
Business Operation	78,411				(78,411)
Buildings - Care	258,956				(258,956)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	224,377				(224,377)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	143,253				(143,253)
Pupil-Activity Transportation	8,542				(8,542)
Non-Instructional Programs	-,				(=,= :=)
Child Nutrition	269,377	43,277	209,180		(16,920)
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	278,832	,,	,		(278,832)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Debt Service - Principal	0				0
Debt Service - Interest	127,426				(127,426)
Total	\$4,126,771	\$46,127	\$721,948	\$0	(3,358,696)
Total	\$4,120,771	\$40,127	\$721,946		(3,336,030)
	C ID				
	General Revenue	S			607.207
	Local Taxes				607,397
	Other Local Rev	enues			46,951
	State Revenues				3,135,129
	Federal Revenue				0
	Pension Revenue	e (Expense)			(219,698)
	Total				3,569,779
	Change in Net Po	sition			211,083
	Net Position - Beg	vinning			1,375,750
	Net Position - End	, ,			\$1,586,833
		0			. , ,

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Bond R & I Fund
Assets			
Cash & Investments	\$753,576	\$71,529	\$358,742
Receivables:			
Local Sources	31,054		71,532
State Sources	76,300		
Federal Sources			
Due From Other Funds	39,543		
Total Assets	\$900,473	\$71,529	\$430,274
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds			
Salaries & Benefits Payable	\$273,438	\$15,080	
Unspent Grant Allocation	\$275,756	\$15,000	
Total Liabilities	273,438	15,080	\$0
Total Liabilities	273,438	13,000	Ψ0
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable Tax Revenues	6,811		15,719
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,811	0	15,719
Fund Balances Restricted:			
Special Programs		56,449	
Debt Service		,	414,555
Capital Projects			,
Unassigned	620,224		
Total Fund Balances	620,224	56,449	414,555
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows			
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$900,473	\$71,529	\$430,274

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	1,965 1,330 9,675
Receivables: Local Sources 91,744 194	1,330
Local Sources 91,744 194	
State Sources 12 275 90	,675
5tate 50tates 15,575 65	
Federal Sources 98,112 98	3,112
Due From Other Funds 0 39	9,543
Total Assets \$324,349 \$1,726	5,625
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable \$0	\$0
Due To Other Funds 39,543 39	9,543
Salaries & Benefits Payable 8,686 297	7,204
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,034
	3,781
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable Tax Revenues 19,006 41	1,536
	1,536
Fund Balances	
Restricted:	
Special Programs 102,333 158	3,782
Debt Service 0 414	1,555
Capital Projects 87,747 87	7,747
Unassigned 0620),224
Total Fund Balances 190,080 1,281	1,308
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	
of Resources and Fund Balances \$324,349 \$1,726	5,625

Page 3 of 3

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$1,281,308
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	5,869,278
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	41,536
Certain liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,841,138)
Net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(764,151)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$1,586,833

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Bond R & I Fund
Revenues			
Local Taxes	\$99,897		\$216,765
Other Local Revenue	29,744	\$43,276	2,002
State Revenue	3,003,896		120,868
Federal Revenue		209,180	
Total Revenues	3,133,537	252,456	339,635
Expenditures			
Instructional Programs			
Elementary School	678,977		
Secondary School	979,407		
Special Education	222,899		
Interscholastic			
School Activity	62,561		
Summer School			
Support Service Programs			
Attendance - Guidance - Health	113,483		
Instruction Improvement			
Board of Education	9,526		
District Administration	246,239		
School Administration	138,398		
Business Operation	78,411		
Buildings - Care	258,956		
Maintenance - Student Occupied			
Pupil-To-School Transportation	145,434		
Pupil-Activity Transportation	8,542		
Non-Instructional Programs			
Child Nutrition	6,489	262,888	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied			
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied			
Debt Service - Principal			195,000
Debt Service - Interest			140,668
Total Expenditures	2,949,322	262,888	335,668
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	184,215	(10,432)	3,967
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In			
Transfers Out	(14,324)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(14,324)	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	169,891	(10,432)	3,967
Fund Balances - Beginning	450,333	66,881	410,588
Fund Balances - Ending	\$620,224	\$56,449	\$414,555

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Local Taxes	\$280,470	\$597,132
Other Local Revenue	18,056	93,078
State Revenue	176,455	3,301,219
Federal Revenue	346,678	555,858
Total Revenues	821,659	4,547,287
Expenditures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Instructional Programs		
Elementary School	320,782	999,759
Secondary School	71,019	1,050,426
Special Education	0	222,899
Interscholastic	3,971	3,971
School Activity	0	62,561
Summer School	0	0
Support Service Programs		
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	113,483
Instruction Improvement	112,505	112,505
Board of Education	0	9,526
District Administration	0	246,239
School Administration	0	138,398
Business Operation	0	78,411
Buildings - Care	0	258,956
Maintenance - Student Occupied	224,377	224,377
Pupil-To-School Transportation	0	145,434
Pupil-Activity Transportation	0	8,542
Non-Instructional Programs		
Child Nutrition	0	269,377
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	124,207	124,207
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	65,932	65,932
Debt Service - Principal	0	195,000
Debt Service - Interest	0	140,668
Total Expenditures	922,793	4,470,671
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over Expenditures	(101,134)	76,616
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers In	56,188	56,188
Transfers Out	(41,864)	(56,188)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	14,324	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(86,810)	76,616
Fund Balances - Beginning	276,890	1,204,692
Fund Balances - Ending	\$190,080	\$1,281,308

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$76,616
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	
expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation expense in the current period.	(100,005)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds.	10,265
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position. Bond premium is amortized against interest expense over the term of the bond.	217,422
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, but the expenditure is reported when due in the governmental funds.	4,313
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	2,472

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$211,083

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2018

	Agency Funds - Student Activity
Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$87,615
Total Assets	\$87,615
Liabilities Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	\$87,615 87,615
Net Position	
Total Net Position	0
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$87,615

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – Notus School District No. 135 (the School) provides public school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code. The School's boundaries for taxing and school enrollment purposes are located within Canyon County.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to school districts. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements</u> – The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> - The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred

Notes to Financial Statements

outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the child nutrition fund, which serves to account for providing nutritional meals to students (including subsidized meals).

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt. Major debt service funds include the bond redemption and interest fund, which accounts for accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt.

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support School programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds of the School include:

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the School on behalf of students.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the

Notes to Financial Statements

current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Nearly all the cash and investment balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash and investments are reported in each fund as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is paid to the general fund unless Idaho Code specifies otherwise. Investments include the local government investment pool, reported and measured at amortized cost following the provisions of GASB 79 which provide for consistent measurement of investment value amongst pool participants.

<u>Receivables</u> – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of all depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method, except for certain transportation vehicles which use the declining balance method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded.

Other Post-Employment Benefits — The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that liabilities and related expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense/revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have

Notes to Financial Statements

been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – The School's financial statements may report deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources generally represent amounts that are not available in the current period.

<u>Net Position</u> — Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

Fund Balance Classifications – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Property Taxes</u> – The School is responsible for levying property taxes, but the taxes are collected by the respective county. Taxes are levied by the second Monday in September for each calendar year. Taxes are due in two installments – December 20th and June 20th. A lien is filed on real property three years from the date of delinquency.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements

Notes to Financial Statements

are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Nonmonetary Transactions</u> – Items received via food commodities programs are recognized at their stated fair market value.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Cash - Deposits	\$82,430	\$74,458	\$156,888
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	1,222,535	13,157	1,235,692
Total	\$1,304,965	\$87,615	\$1,392,580

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$156,888 and the bank balances were \$234,176. The bank balances were insured.

Notes to Financial Statements

Considerations for interest rate risk and credit rate risk relating to investments are shown below.

Interest rate risk:

	investment maturity		
	Schedule (In Years)		
Investment Type	Less Than 1	Total	
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,235,692	\$1,235,692	
Total	\$1,235,692	\$1,235,692	

Investment Maturity

Credit rate risk:

	Investment Ra	Investment Rating Schedule	
Investment Type	Not Rated	Total	
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,235,692	\$1,235,692	
Total	\$1,235,692	\$1,235,692	

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. More information on the local governmental investment pool including regulatory information, restriction on withdrawals, and rating and risk information can be found at sto.idaho.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Total
Local Sources					
Local Taxes	\$31,054		\$71,532	\$91,744	\$194,330
Total	\$31,054		\$71,532	\$91,744	\$194,330
State Sources Foundation Program Special Programs Total	\$76,300 \$76,300	\$13,375 \$13,375			\$76,300 13,375 \$89,675
Federal Sources					
Special Programs		\$98,112			\$98,112
Total		\$98,112			\$98,112

Notes to Financial Statements

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$10,000			\$10,000
Construction in Progress	0			0
Total	10,000	\$0	\$0	10,000
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	7,697,552	65,932		7,763,484
Equipment	567,258			567,258
Transportation	571,126			571,126
Subtotal	8,835,936	65,932	0	8,901,868
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	1,830,967	155,269		1,986,236
Equipment	567,258			567,258
Transportation	478,428	10,668		489,096
Subtotal	2,876,653	165,937	0	3,042,590
Total	5,959,283	(100,005)	0	5,859,278
Net Capital Assets	\$5,969,283	(\$100,005)	\$0	\$5,869,278
Depreciation expense was charged	d to the following	g programs:		
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	d			\$155,269
Pupil-To-School Transportation				10,668
Total				\$165,937

Notes to Financial Statements

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonded Debt – At year end, the School's bonded debt was as follows:

	Outstanding
1999 - \$940,000 - general obligation bonds for capital improvements due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments with interest at 5.80% - 6.35% through 2017/18, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	\$0
2015 - \$4,705,000 - general obligation bonds for capital improvements due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments with interest at 2.00% - 3.30% through 2035/36, secured by future taxes, paid through the	
bond redemption and interest fund	4,600,000
Total	\$4,600,000

Maturities on the bonds are estimated as follows:

Year		
Ended	Principal	Interest
6/30/19	\$200,000	\$133,685
6/30/20	205,000	129,635
6/30/21	210,000	125,485
6/30/22	215,000	120,160
6/30/23	220,000	113,635
6/30/24-28	1,205,000	463,550
6/30/29-33	1,400,000	266,869
6/30/34-38	945,000	47,049
Total	\$4,600,000	\$1,400,068

Capital Lease – The School leases a bus that qualifies as a capital lease obligation. The bus cost \$94,258 and at year end, related accumulated depreciation was \$39,217.

Capital lease due in annual installments of \$15,075 with interest at 5.47%	
through 2019/20, secured by a bus, paid through the bus depreciation fund	\$27,846
Total	\$27,846

Notes to Financial Statements

Maturities on the capital lease are estimated as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/19	\$15,075
6/30/20	15,075
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	30,150
Amount Representing Interest	(2,304)
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$27,846

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
1999 G.O. Bonds	\$135,000		\$135,000	\$0	\$0
2015 G.O. Bonds	4,660,000		60,000	4,600,000	200,000
Bond Premium	181,894		9,573	172,321	9,573
Capital Lease	40,695		12,849	27,846	13,552
Total	\$5,017,589	\$0	\$217,422	\$4,800,167	\$223,125

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$138,580 of which \$136,999 was charged to the debt service – interest program and \$1,581 was charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2017 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$222,170 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2017, the School's proportion was 0.0631935 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$219,698). At June 30, 2018, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$137,602	\$89,487
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	18,369	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		59,512
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	222,170	
Total	\$378,141	\$148,999

\$222,170 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension expense or reduction of the pension revenue in the year ending June 30, 2019.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2016 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 is 4.9 and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2016.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension (expense) revenue as follows:

Year	
Ended	
5/30/19	
30/20	
30/21	
30/22	
Total	

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Notes to Financial Statements

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 4.25 - 10.00%

Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital	l Mar	ket A	Assum	ptions
---------	-------	-------	-------	--------

	Expected	Expected Expected	Strategic	Strategic
Asset Class	Return*	Risk	Normal	Ranges
Equities			70%	66% - 77%
Broad Domestic Equities	9.15%	19.00%	55%	50% - 65%
International	9.25%	20.20%	15%	10% - 20%
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30%	23% - 33%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0%	0% - 5%
			Expected	
	Expected	Expected	Real	Expected
Total Fund	Return*	Inflation	Return	Risk
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%
*Expected arithmetic return net	of fees and exper	ises		
Actuarial Assumptions				
Assumed Inflation - Mean				3.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard D	Deviation			2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Reto	arn			8.42%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected	Geometric Rate of	of Return		7.50%
Assumed Investment Expenses				0.40%
Long-Term Expected Geomet	ric Rate of Return	, Net of Investme	nt Expenses	7.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$2,308,618	\$993,293	(\$99,776)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impacts on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan whenever deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

G. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

Duc Hom	Due From Fund	
Nonmajor		
Governmental	Total	
Due To Fund		
General \$39,543	\$39,543	
Total \$39,543	\$39,543	

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Dave Every Every

Notes to Financial Statements

Interfund transfers during the year consist of the following:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Purpose
General		\$14,324	Depreciation
Nonmajor Governmental	\$56,188	41,864	Depreciation, Support
Total	\$56,188	\$56,188	

H. CANYON OWYHEE SCHOOL SERVICE AGENCY

The School is involved in a cooperative effort with the Homedale, Marsing, Parma, and Wilder School Districts to provide special and vocational education to the School's students through the Canyon Owyhee School Service Agency (COSSA). During the year, the School paid COSSA \$281,002 for instruction of School students served by COSSA.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance
	(GAAP I		Actual	Positive
General Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Local Taxes	\$121,290	\$101,819	\$99,897	(\$1,922)
Other Local Revenue	8,100	28,000	29,744	1,744
State Revenue	2,828,982	2,994,188	3,003,896	9,708
Federal Revenue		0	0	0
Total Revenues	2,958,372	3,124,007	3,133,537	9,530
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	662,549	688,317	678,977	9,340
Secondary School	1,013,724	997,431	979,407	18,024
Special Education	200,000	222,899	222,899	0
Interscholastic	0	0	0	0
School Activity	69,502	72,360	62,561	9,799
Summer School	0	0	0	0
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health	141,610	119,187	113,483	5,704
Instruction Improvement	0	0	0	0
Board of Education	12,500	13,700	9,526	4,174
District Administration	251,101	256,695	246,239	10,456
School Administration	140,815	143,789	138,398	5,391
Business Operation	73,858	73,854	78,411	(4,557)
Buildings - Care	242,932	267,341	258,956	8,385
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Pupil-To-School Transportation	134,989	146,405	145,434	971
Pupil-Activity Transportation	9,825	9,825	8,542	1,283
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	5,267	5,385	6,489	(1,104)
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0	106,819	0	106,819
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Principal	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Interest	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	2,958,672	3,124,007	2,949,322	174,685 *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			<u> </u>	
Over Expenditures	(300)	0	184,215	184,215
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	()		- , -	- , -
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	(14,324)	(14,324) *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	(14,324)	(14,324)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(300)	0	169,891	169,891
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	450,333	450,333
Fund Balances - Ending	(\$300)	\$0	\$620,224	\$620,224
	*Total expenditures	s (over) under app	ropriations are:	\$160,361

See Auditor's Report

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts (GAAP Basis)		Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive	
Child Nutrition Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Other Local Revenue	\$32,600	\$40,690	\$43,276	\$2,586	
Federal Revenue	182,970	192,000	209,180	17,180	
Total Revenues	215,570	232,690	252,456	19,766	
Expenditures					
Non-Instructional Programs					
Child Nutrition	279,690	299,571	262,888	36,683	
Total Expenditures	279,690	299,571	262,888	36,683 *	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(64,120)	(66,881)	(10,432)	56,449	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(64,120)	(66,881)	(10,432)	56,449	
Fund Balances - Beginning	64,120	66,881	66,881	0	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$56,449	\$56,449	
	*Total expenditures	(over) under appi	ropriations are:	\$36,683	

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
PERSI - Base Plan
Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School's portion of the net pension liability	0.0631935%	0.0594870%	0.0569363%	0.0573290%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$993,293	\$1,205,893	\$749,758	\$422,031
School's covered payroll	\$1,942,853	\$1,705,936	\$1,559,664	\$1,553,118
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	51.13%	70.69%	48.07%	27.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

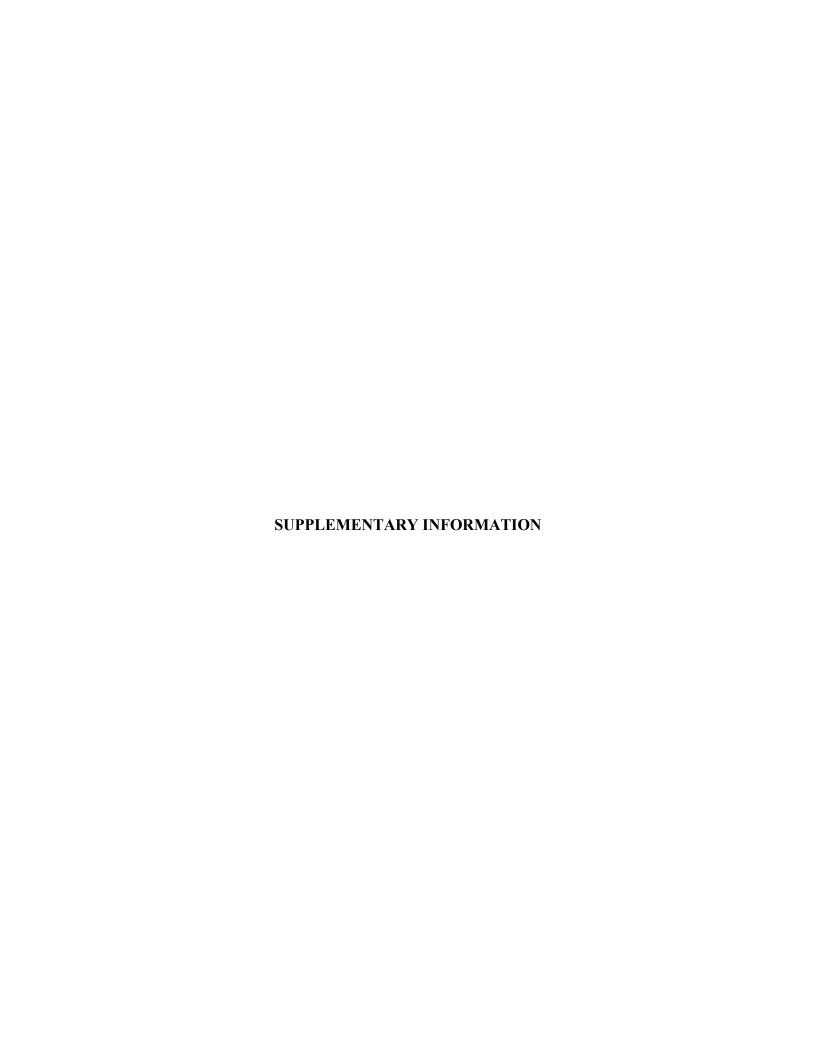
Data reported is measured as of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$222,170	\$219,931	\$193,112	\$176,554
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$222,170	\$219,931	\$193,112	\$176,554
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll	\$1,962,633	\$1,942,853	\$1,705,936	\$1,559,664
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of each year's fiscal year end.



	Special Revenue Funds			
		-	Mastery Based	
		Driver	System	Professional
_	Albertsons	Education	Development	Technical
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$43,390	\$461	\$31,524	
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources		3,375		\$10,000
Federal Sources				
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$43,390	\$3,836	\$31,524	\$10,000
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds				\$8,465
Salaries & Benefits Payable				1,535
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	10,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	43,390	3,836	31,524	
Debt Service	13,570	3,030	31,321	
Capital Projects				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	43,390	3,836	31,524	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	,			
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$43,390	\$3,836	\$31,524	\$10,000

	Special Revenue Funds			
			Title I-A	Title IV-A
		Substance	ESSA	ESSA
	Technology	Abuse	IBP	SS&AE
Assets	_		_	
Cash & Investments	\$15,655	\$7,928		
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources			\$14,774	\$7,814
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$15,655	\$7,928	\$14,774	\$7,814
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds			\$6,643	\$7,031
Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Unspent Grant Allocation			8,131	783
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	14,774	7,814
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	15,655	7,928		
Debt Service				
Capital Projects				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	15,655	7,928	0	0
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$15,655	\$7,928	\$14,774	\$7,814

	Special Revenue Funds				
-	Title V-B ESSA	Title II-A ESSA		Title IV-B ESSA	
_	REI	SEI	Gear Up	21st CCLC	
Assets					
Cash & Investments				\$7,151	
Receivables:					
Local Sources					
State Sources					
Federal Sources	\$1,419		\$23,339	50,766	
Due From Other Funds					
Total Assets	\$1,419	\$0	\$23,339	\$57,917	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable					
Due To Other Funds	\$1,419		\$15,985		
Salaries & Benefits Payable				\$7,151	
Unspent Grant Allocation		 .	7,354	50,766	
Total Liabilities	1,419	\$0	23,339	57,917	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Tax Revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances					
Restricted:					
Special Programs					
Debt Service					
Capital Projects					
Unassigned					
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$1,419	\$0	\$23,339	\$57,917	

	Сар			
	Capital	Plant		
	Construction	Facilities	Bus	
	Fund	Fund	Depreciation	Total
Assets				
Cash & Investments		\$4,167	\$10,842	\$121,118
Receivables:				
Local Sources		91,744		91,744
State Sources				13,375
Federal Sources				98,112
Due From Other Funds				0
Total Assets	\$0	\$95,911	\$10,842	\$324,349
Liabilities				Φ.Ο.
Accounts Payable				\$0
Due To Other Funds				39,543
Salaries & Benefits Payable				8,686
Unspent Grant Allocation		Ф.		67,034
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	115,263
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues		19,006		19,006
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	19,006	0	19,006
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				102,333
Debt Service				0
Capital Projects		76,905	10,842	87,747
Unassigned		10,303	10,042	0
Total Fund Balances		76,905	10,842	190,080
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		70,903	10,042	170,000
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$0	\$95,911	\$10,842	\$324,349
		<u> </u>		· , · ·

Page 1 of 4

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Mastery Based			
		Driver	System	Professional
	Albertsons	Education	Development	Technical
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue		\$2,850		
State Revenue		3,375	\$49,000	\$34,876
Federal Revenue				
Total Revenues	\$0	6,225	49,000	34,876
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School	1,000	9,247		34,876
Special Education				
Interscholastic				
School Activity				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement			50,664	
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	1,000	9,247	50,664	34,876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(1,000)	(3,022)	(1,664)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	, ,	, , ,		
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,000)	(3,022)	(1,664)	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	44,390	6,858	33,188	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$43,390	\$3,836	\$31,524	\$0

Page 2 of 4

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP	Title IV-A ESSA SS&AE
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue	\$71,695	\$7,144		
Federal Revenue			\$123,701	\$9,217
Total Revenues	71,695	7,144	123,701	9,217
Expenditures			_	
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School			123,616	9,217
Secondary School			85	
Special Education				
Interscholastic		3,971		
School Activity				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement	61,841			
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	61,841	3,971	123,701	9,217
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			_	
Over Expenditures	9,854	3,173	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	9,854	3,173	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,801	4,755	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$15,655	\$7,928	\$0	\$0

Page 3 of 4

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

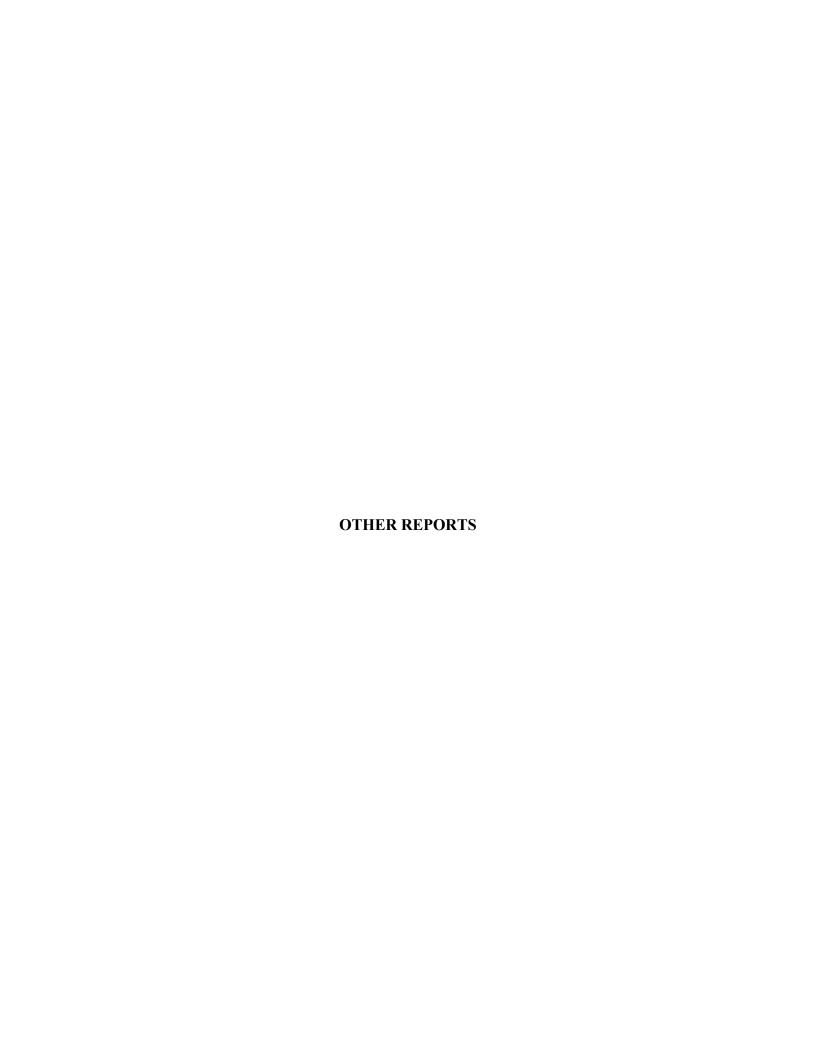
	Special Revenue Funds			
	Title V-B	Title II-A		Title IV-B
	ESSA	ESSA		ESSA
	REI	SEI	Gear Up	21st CCLC
Revenues			_	
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$15,758	\$26,481	\$25,811	\$145,710
Total Revenues	15,758	26,481	25,811	145,710
Expenditures			_	
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	15,758	26,481		145,710
Secondary School			25,811	
Special Education				
Interscholastic				
School Activity				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	15,758	26,481	25,811	145,710
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			_	
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Page 4 of 4

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

Capital Projects Funds

	Capital	Plant		
	Construction	Facilities	Bus	
	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Depreciation	Total
Revenues				
Local Taxes		\$280,470		\$280,470
Other Local Revenue	\$1,391	13,815		18,056
State Revenue		10,365		176,455
Federal Revenue				346,678
Total Revenues	1,391	304,650	\$0	821,659
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				320,782
Secondary School				71,019
Special Education				0
Interscholastic				3,971
School Activity				0
Summer School				0
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				0
Instruction Improvement				112,505
Board of Education				0
District Administration				0
School Administration				0
Business Operation				0
Buildings - Care				0
Maintenance - Student Occupied		224,377		224,377
Pupil-To-School Transportation				0
Pupil-Activity Transportation				0
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied		109,132	15,075	124,207
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	65,932			65,932
Debt Service - Principal				0
Debt Service - Interest				0
Total Expenditures	65,932	333,509	15,075	922,793
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(64,541)	(28,859)	(15,075)	(101,134)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	41,864		14,324	56,188
Transfers Out		(41,864)		(41,864)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	41,864	(41,864)	14,324	14,324
Net Change in Fund Balances	(22,677)	(70,723)	(751)	(86,810)
Fund Balances - Beginning	22,677	147,628	11,593	276,890
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$76,905	\$10,842	\$190,080



Quest CPAs PLLC

Quality Expertise Service Timeliness

Audits Taxes Special Services 11501 Highway 95 Payette, Idaho 83661 www.qcpas.com info@qcpas.com P: 208-642-1417 F: 208-642-1582

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Notus School District No. 135

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Notus School District No. 135 (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho September 18, 2018